Dy-Fe-Tb (Dysprosium-Iron-Terbium)

V. Raghavan

The previous review of this system by [1992Rag] summarized the results of [1990Wes] on the partial and schematic vertical section in the region of the Laves phase (Dy,Tb)Fe₂, which possesses excellent magnetostrictive properties. Recently, Mei et al. [1997Mei] reinvestigated the vertical section in the region of the Laves phase.

Binary Systems

The Dy-Fe phase diagram was updated by [1996Oka]. It depicts four intermediate compounds: the Th_2Ni_{17} -type hexagonal compound Dy_2Fe_{17} , the Th_6Mn_{23} -type cubic phase Dy_6Fe_{23} , the PuNi_3-type rhombohedral DyFe_3, and the MgCu_2-type cubic phase DyFe_2. In the Dy-Tb system [Massalski2], β Dy and β Tb [both body-centered cubic (bcc)]

form a continuous solid solution. Also, α Dy and α Tb [both close-packed hexagonal (cph)] form a continuous solid solution. In the Fe-Tb system [Massalski2], there are four intermediate phases: Th₂Ni₁₇-type hexagonal and the Th₂Zn₁₇-type rhombohedral modifications of Tb₂Fe₁₇, the Th₆Mn₂₃-type cubic phase Tb₆Fe₂₃, the PuNi₃-type rhombohedral phase TbFe₃, and the MgCu₂-type cubic phase TbFe₂.

Ternary Vertical Section

With starting materials of purity of 99.99%, [1997Mei] arc melted 30 alloy buttons in the composition range of $Dy_{1-x}Tb_xFe_y$ (x = 0.3, 0.5; y = 1.7 to 2.1), which lies in the Laves phase region. Differential thermal analysis at a heating rate of 3-20 °C per min and annealing/quenching meth-

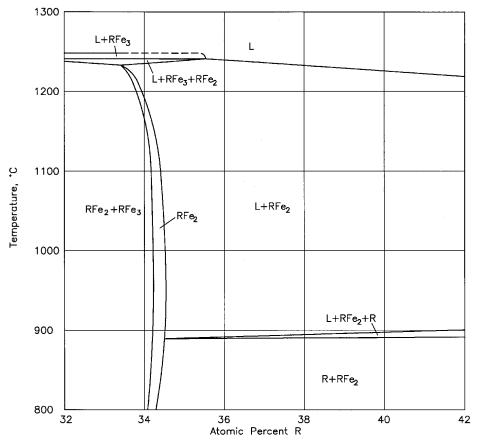


Fig. 1 Dy-Fe-Tb vertical section along the Tb_{0.3}Dy_{0.7}-Fe join [1997Mei]

Section II: Phase Diagram Evaluations

ods were used. X-ray powder diffraction was used to study the phase structure. The vertical section along the $Tb_{0.3}Dy_{0.7}$ -Fe join constructed by [1997Mei] is redrawn in Fig. 1. As found by [1990Wes], the Laves phase has a small homogeneity range, which is a function of temperature. This vertical section can form the basis for the selection of the composition and heat treatment to avoid the formation of the RFe₃ phase, known to be deleterious to the magnetostrictive and mechanical properties. By using the electron probe microanalysis on as-cast samples, [1997Mei] also measured the segregation of Tb and Dy within the grains of the Laves phase.

References

- **1990Wes:** P. Westwood, J.S. Abell, and K.C. Pitman: "Phase Relationships in the Tb-Dy-Fe Ternary System," *J. Appl. Phys.*, 1990, *67*(9), pp. 4998-5000.
- **1992Rag:** V. Raghavan: "Dy-Fe-Tb (Dysprosium-Iron-Terbium)" in *Phase Diagrams of Ternary Iron Alloys. Part 6*, Ind. Inst. Metals, Calcutta, India, 1992, p. 797.
- **1996Oka:** H. Okamoto: "Dy-Fe (Dysprosium-Iron)," J. Phase Equilibria, 1996, 17(1), pp. 80-81.
- **1997Mei:** W. Mei, T. Okane, and T. Umeda: "Phase Diagram and Inhomogeneity of (Tb,Dy)-Fe(T) (T = Mn, Co, Al, Ti) Systems," *J. Alloys Compd.*, 1997, 248, pp. 132-38.